LIST OF NAMES & ADDRESS OF M. L. AS. OF MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

1.5			
1	PU LAL THANHAWLA -		Zarkawt,/Aizawl.
	Chief Minister		
2.	PU J.LALSANGZUALA Minister		Mission Veng, Aizawl.
3.	PU C.L.RUALA - Minister	• • · · · ·	Chandmary Alzawl.
4.	Dr.H.THANSANGA - Minister	-	Chandmary 'E', Aizawl.
5.	PU ZALAWMA Minister	-	Zarkawt, Aizawl.
6.	PU S.HIATO Minister of State .	-	Minister Bungalow Tuikhuahtlang, Aizawl.
7.	PU ROKAMEOVA Speaker		Mac Donald Hill Zarkawt, Aizawl.
8.	PU SAIKAPTHIANGA Minister of State	-	2 Cottage Circuit House V.I.P. Suit, Aizawl.
9.	PU LIANSUAMA' Minister of State	-	Chawnpui Veng, Aizawl.
10.	PU P.SIAMLIANA Minister of State	-	Minister Bungalow Babutlang, Aizawl.
11.	PU NIRUPAM CHAKMA Minister of State	,	Minister Bunglow Tuikhuahtlang, Aizawl.
12.	PU LALHUTHANGA Minister of State	- '	Dawrpui Vengthar, Alzawl.
13.	pu vanlalnghaka		Shivaji Tillah, Aizawl.
14.	PU VANLALNGENA	.	Electric Veng, Aizawl,
15.	PU H.RAMMAWI	···	Tuikual 'A', Aizawl.
16.	PU AICHHINGA	· ·	Electric Veng, Aizawl.
17.	PU H.K.CHAKMA	_	New MLA Hostel, Aizawl.
18.	PU P.C.BAWITLUANGA		Chaltlang, Aizawl.
:	PU P.LALBIAKA		New MLA Hostel, Aizawll
	•		

20. PU ANDREW LALHERLIANA

Venghlui, Aizawl.

- 21. Pu LALRAWNLIANA
- 22. PU LALRINCHHANA
- 23. Dr.R.LALTHANGLIANA
- 2 . PU F. MANGHNUNA
- 25. I'U ZOSIAMA PACHUAU
- 26. PU R.ROMAWIA
- 27. PU ROSANGLIANA
- 28. PU J.H.ROTHUAMA
- 29. PU KUALCHHINA
- 50. PU F.SAPA
- 31. PU TAWNLUIA
- 32. PU R. TLANGHMINGTHANGA
- 33. PU VAIVENGA
- 34. PU K. VANLALAUVA
- 35. PU P.C.ZORAMSANGLIANA
- 36. PU ZORAMIHANGA
 - 37. PU B. TEVO
 - 38. PU SAINGHAKA
 - 99. PU T.C.PACHHUNGA

- Chawnpui, Aizawl.
- Tuikual 'A' Aizawl.
- Konoinia, Kanaan Veng. Aizawl.
- M.L.A Hostel, Aizawl.
- Electrict Veng, Aizawl.
- Vaivakawn, Aizawl.
- Pachhunga & Sons, Dawrpui Aizawl.
- Vaivakawn, Aizawl.
- Lower Zarkawt. Aizawl.
- MLA Hostel, Aizawl.
- Chawnpui Veng, Aizawl.
- Venghlui, Aizawl.
- Tuikhuahtlang, Aizawl.
- Dawrpul Vengthar, Aizawl.
- Dawrpui Vengthar, Aizawl.
- Ramhlun PWD Mual. Aizawl.
- New MLA Hostel, Aizawl.
- Mission Veng. Aizawl.
- Bungkawn (Nursery) Veng, Aizawl.

MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

GOVERNOR SWARAJ KAUSHAL SPEAKER ROKAMLOVA ... DEPUTY SPEAKER VANLALNGENA

NUSTER WITH PORTFOLIOS

1. PU LAL THANHAWLA	* 生。	Political and Cabinet Deptt.
CHIEF MINISTER	2.	Vigilance Department.
	3.	Department of Personnel and
	j	Administrative Reforms.
	4:	Secretariat Administration
	1981년 - 1일 - 1일 - 1	Department,
	⁷⁵⁰ , −, 5. −	Power & Electricity Depart-
	**	ment.
	6.	Public Works Department.
	7.	
	8.	Information and Public Rela-
		tion Department.
	9.	Rural Development Department.
	10.	General Administration Deptt.
	11.	Transport Department.
	12.	Animal Husbandry & Veterinery
	1 12 4	Department.
	, 13.	
	14.	Aviation Department.
2 DI T TREGREGATOR		
2. PU J.LALSANGZUALA	: 1.	Finance Department.
mi nister ·	2.	Planning & Programme
	· <u>·</u>	Implementation Department.
No.	3.	Exise & Taxation Department.
1	4.	Food & Civil Supplies Deptt.
3. PU C.L. RUALA	1.	Home Department.
mi nistèr	2.	Public Health Engineering.
		Department.
•	3.	Environment & Forest Deptt.
4. Dr. H. THANSANGA	: 1:	Education & Human Resources
MINISTER	- -	Department.
	2.	Law, Judicial & Parliamentary
		Affairs Department.
· · · · ·		Windre achar auchas
5. PU ZALAWMA	^{).} : 1.	Land Revenue and Settlement
MINISTER	. • •	Department.
and the second s	2.	Local Administratione Deptt.
	∠	moder Whithistractone report

MINISTER OF STATE

6. FU S.HIATO (Independent Charge)	:	1. 2.	Health & Family Welfare Department. Tourism Department.
7. PU LIANSUAMA	4	•	Industries Department (Independent Charge). He shall assist the Chief Minister in Department of Personnel & Administrative Reforms, General Administration and Public Relation Deptt.
8. PU NIRUPAM CHAKMA (Independent Charge)	*	1.	Sericulture Department. Co-operation Department.
9. PU P.STAMLIANA (Independent Charge)	•	1. 2. 3.	Social Welfare Department. Trade & Commerce Department. Rehabilitation Department.
10. PU SAIKAPTHIANGA (Independent Charge)		1. 2.	Agriculture Department. Labour & Employment Deptt.
11. PU VANLALNGHAKA (Independent Charge)	•	1. 2.	Soil Conservation Deptt. Printing & Stationery Department.

H.L.CHUNGA SECRETARY.

PROCEEDING OF THE SIXTH SESSION OF THE SECOND NAME ASSEMBLY

FROM 17th JULY, 1990 TO 20th JULY 1990. FIRST SITTING ON 17th July, 1990.

PRESENT

1. Pu Vanlaingena, Deputy Speaker at the Chair, 12(twelve) Minister and 26 (twenty six) nembers were present.

<u>OBIRUARY</u>

Pu Lal Thanhawla to make references on the demise of—
 Pu Laldenga, and
 Shri K.S. Hagde.

PRESENTATION OF REPORT

3. Pu-Vanlaingena to report to the House the Time Table chalked out by the Business Advisory Committee.

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS (Bill to be introduce)

4. Pu C.L. Ruala to beg leave of the House to introduce the Mizoram Essential Services Maintenance Bill, 1990.

<u>ALS</u>

to introduce the Bill.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER

5. The House to elect Speaker,

DEPUTY SPEAKER

"Whereas you do not know about tommorrow. What is your life? for you are a mist that appears for a little time and then vanishes"

James 4:14.

As we all know Pu Laldenga, our opposition leader of this House had passed away on 7.7.1990. And also Shri Hegde the former Speaker of Lok Sabha had passed wway on 24.6.1990. Therefore we will have Speakers in regards to our two departed leaders separately. Now

we will call upon our Hon'ble Chief Minister Lal Thanhawla to have a speech on Pu Laldenga first.

PU LAL THANHAWLA CHIEF MINISTER Pu Deputy Speaker, it is most unfortunate that we have to have a condolence meeting in this House because our Hon'ble

opposition leader and our former Chief Minister Pu Laldenga had passed away and his funeral ecremony was the greatest in Mizoram and he descrued it. Today I would like to speak about him in this house.

Pu Laldenga was the first Chief Minister in the Mizoram State. He was the founder of Mizo National Front and he was the president of this political party from the beginning till his death. And he was 63 years old but he looked younger than his age, he looked like only 50 years old. I saw him fust before he went to the Hospital and he seems well and happy though he had already suffered that deadly desease.

Pu Laldenga was borned in 11th June 1927 at Pukpui Village in Lunglei District. His father was Pu Liantlirha. He married Pi Lalbiakdiki in 5th Nov. 1954 and he had two sons and two daughters. In 1944 he had foined British. Indian Army and he retired from the Army in 1953. After that he was appointed pproxs Accountant cum cashier in District Council Office. And in 1958 he founded Mizo Cultural Society and he was the Secretary that Society. In 1960 he resigned from his work as accountant cum cashier and he founded Mizo National Famine Front and he hold the office of presidenship. He had done many works for the people from that position. In 1960 he also published news paper called Mizo Aw and he was the publisher and the And Mizo Natioan Famine Front was changed into political party in 22nd Oct. 1961 and was called Mizo National Front. And he was the president of this political party from the very beginning till his death and he had led this political party successfully and efficiently even in times of difficulty. In 1.3.1966 when MNF party had made a movement this party becate the under gound party. led this movement many years and they overcame many difficulties in their way. And as we all know Mizoram Peace Accord was signed in 30th June 1986 between the central government and the MNF. Therefore, before we bacame a State and before the general election was beld he became Chief Minister in the interim government in 21st Aug. 1986.

When the general election was held in February 1987 he was elected from both from Sateek and Aizawl North 11 constituencies. So he became the first Chief Minister of Mizoram State. But unfortunately after only 18 months the Ministry was resolved. And in 21st

elected rom Aizawl South 11 constituency. So he was the opposition leader and one of the most important leaders in this House till the end of his life. Hes death is a great loss for Mizoram and use also know that even our central political leasers said homage to him in his functial. As we already know his funeral ceremony was the greatest in Mizoram. He had secrificed himself and struggled for the freedom of Mizoram. And today we should remamber his good works for our country and should learn lessons from him.

We were good friends though we were not in the same political party. He sometimes took advice from me in time of difficulty. He was a good and easy man to be with. And he was very intelligent and we can say that he was one of the most educated man in Mizoram though he did not get a high educational qualification. He martered Hindi and English banguages almost as his mother toggue. He could speak Unrau language also. I opine that he was the greatest Speaker among the Mizos and he could talk on any subjects.

At the time of peace talk he had stayed a long time in Delhi with his family and he was very useful for the Mizo welfare in Delhi. stayed in Delhi he always preached in the Church and I occasionally lestened his preaching whenever I had an opportunity and in my opinion he was one of the best prea-He had tried his best to make peace with the government and I knew that the peace accord could be signed only because he tried very hard to have it signed. He led the underground movement a long time for the freedom of Mizoram and suffered many hardships and difficulties. in the end he made peace with the government because it seemed best for Mizoram. In that ways he sacrified himself for Mizodam. Therefore his death is a great loss for Mizoram especially for this House. I am afraid the void he left could not be filled. I opine that all we could do is to accomplish his plans and schemes for the development of Mizoram

PU ZORAMTHANGA

Pu Deputy Speaker, it is unfortunate to have this ceremony and have to talk about derice of Pu Laldenga our Hon ble M.L.A.

of Pu Laldenga our Hon'ble M.L.A and our opposition leader of this House. I would not repeat what our Hon'ble Chief Minister had already said about Pu Laldenga.

As we know he was one of the most famous persons among the Mizos. He was a great leader and he showed it in time of trouble and hardship. Even at the time of his ellness he consoled those who came to him to say rood bye before he departed for medical treatment such

deadly fillness bravely and calmly. So there are so many good things to learn from his life.

I would like to say that it is very pleasing that he was treated as eminent citizen by the central government that all the expenditure on his medical treatment would be paid by the government. And he was the first among the mizos who was treated as eminent citizen so far. Even when he died at London the authorities at that place and even the Embassy, Consulate and American High Commission and the government itself paid him great consideration. And the central government give dignity to his body when it reached India. And our Hon'ble Prime Minister himself could homage and laid the wreath personally and many other central cabinet ministers also paid tribute. He was the first Mizo who ever recieved such tribute so it is very pleasing. Besides all these, the central government also chartered a plane especially for carrying his body to Mizoram. And it is also very pleasing that our Ministry had given a great tribute regarding the State funeral and the burial place.

Ms earlier said there are many things we have to learn from his personal life. One of them is his ambition, he was an ambitious man, he was an educated man though he did not get high educational qualification. He had passed only class V11 or so but he was very fluent in English and some other foreign languages. During he was our leader of this House we found many of his qualities like his patience and meekness. Therefore, it is most unfortunate for this house as well as for Mizoram that we have lost such a great leader who had championed Mizo nationality to the world. I opine we can homour him by accomplishing his schemes and deals for Mizoram and for this House. Pu Deputy Speaker, that's all I would like to say.

Thank you.

DEPUTY SPEAKER

Now we will call upon Pu Hiphei and give a special time to speak as today as the last day for him to be in this House as an M.A.

He could not have a speech in this House for the coming six years.

PU HIPHEI

Pu Deputy Speaker, thank you for your favour. There are so much to say about Pu Laldenga, but I would try to say only the

points.

Pu Laldenga was a great Speaker. he was a very influential person. He could speak on any subjects interestingly. Another thing I would like to say is his ability to control others. He could control MNF Party from England that could not be done by ordinary person. Besides he was an ambitious man and he tried very hard to awieve his ambition. Another things I would like to day about him is his patience. When he was our house leader, we were on the opposition bench and we always accused them of some a undesirable things but we could never make him angry. He was such a self control person. During his ministry some of his ministers had behaved disgracefully so I sometime thought he might told such minister to resign from their office for the good of his party and to prevent the disgrace of their party. But he never did such thing instead he defended his ministers all the time, which showed he was a great leader. Therefore it would be pleasant for his followers to have such a leader. As said by our Hon'ble Chief Minister he was an educated man and he had a shapp and intelligent mind. He could give intelligent answers to any questions immediately. After the first phase of the peace talk he had a press conference before he was sent back to England. In that press conference he said 'you can take the boy out of the country, but you cannot take the country out of the boy' and I opine this speech is profound and intelligent. Therefore it is most unfortunate and sad to have this meeting on account of the lost of this great man. This legislature had lost its two MLA Pu Lalbiakthanga and Pu R. Zadinga and Pu Laldenga was the third, We really mourn and lament for him today and we dwaply pity the family he left pray to God to bless them and lead them in their life.

Thank you.

PU ANDREW LALHERLIANA :

Pu Deputy Speaker, thank you for giving me time. It is unfortunate that we have to have this condolence meeting.

It is a great lost for Mizoram and espicially this House lost its great man.

I have always admired Pu Denga in many things and I would like to say some points of my admiration for him. But I would not repeat what had already been said by others. Firstly I would like to say how he minded his health and took care of himself. He always had morning exercise and was on diet for his health. Because of this, though he was more than 60 years old he tooked much younger than his age till his death. Secondly, he was very close to his family and he was a good father for his family. They were a happy family when he was living with his family in Delhi under house arrest, they could live happily even in time of difficulties because he took good care of his family.

and I believe he would also be remembered as a good spoke-man, besides, he had a leadership quality. All his party members looked him up as their leader from the beginning till his death. In other political parties they always changed their leaders. But M.N.F. party never changed their leader. He was regarded by his party members as all in all in regards to leadership and initiative. Pu Denga is regarded as the father of the nation by his party and ne was highly respected by them. Such persons are very few also in other countries and this is because he had such a good quality of leadership.

him for many of his contributions for Mizoram. He made peace with the central government of India, not only this, he made special provision ofor Mizoram in Indian constitution. Though many of us may be dissatisfied with this, he could be regarded as the one who made the best provision before a better provision can be made Pu Deputy Speaker, there are so much to say about Pu Denga but as we all know it is a deplorable loss. Thank you.

DEFUTY SPEAKER

Now we will call upon Pu J. Thang-huama.

PU J.THANGHUAMA

Pu Deputy Speaker, this may be the last time we say about Pu Denga in this House so I would like to say about him which I

like them to be written in our assembly record book. Pu Laldenga was a great man and patriotic man. We can say he was an unlucky person in some ways but on the other hand he was also a very lucky man. I was serving with him in the Mizo National Famine Front. In the first election he was elected as the president and. I was elected as publicity Secretary. Even at that time we thought that we might want to change the Mizo National Famine Front into a pelitical party.

Pu Laldenga was born to be an entra-ordinary person. If I did not know wrong, on the day he was born all the colour of their fruits of squash had turned white from green. And also 7th and \$3th number had played an important part in his life. He died on 7th July and he was buried on 13th July.

In my opinion Pu Laldenga was a far-sighted man for the future generation. His far-sightedness is gradually understood especially by the young people. It was unreasonable for many to fight against India which is one of the greatest countries in the world for such a small country such as ours which population is only about 5 lakhs. During insurgency many people lost

their lives and their homes and it is understandable if some cursed him for this. And he might be accused for the lost of many lives and homes during insurgency. But in my opinion we must compere our lost and gain because of incurgency. We can say that our neighbouring states were promoted to the Statehood on account of our struggle. said earlier, it may seem unreasonable to fight for independence as we are very small and it is right in some ways. But the greatness of a country is not depending on the area of a country. British is not a big country but it is the greatest empire in the world. All the big countries are not wealthy and all the small countries are not poor. Isreel is one of the greatest countries in the world but its area is not larger than Mizoram. Singapore is also one of the greatest independent countries in the world which erea is only 20 Km long and 15Km wide. There are many small great independent countries in the world. So from this print of view it is most reasonable to fight for Independence whether we suceed or not rot. So it made me regarded Pu Denga as a far-sighted person.

But since we had suffered so much due to insurgency the people could not suffer any longer so we urged Pu Denga to make peace with the government of India and also requested the central government to make peace with him. So they had signed peace accord between them. We might blame him for all our sufferings but we must also remember that he was the one who led us out from those sufferings.

And many of us always go to foreign countries generally for pleasure. In regards to this Pu Denga was an unlucky person, during the time of insurgency he went abroad to seek political asymim and after the peace accord be went abroad again due to allness. So he never went abroad for pleasure at all. Besides what had already been said about many of his quality. I would like to say his good personality. Sometimes we could treate him as a friend but on other times we dered not treat him so because his personality prevented us from doing so. In my opinion one of his greatness is that he never attacked any one personally in his political life. Most of us did not have this quality and we have to learn this lesson from him besides many of his other qualities.

As said by our Hon'ble Chief
Minister Pu Denga had stayed in a little house at Tuikhuahtlang and he had published Mizo Aw daily news paper
and this news paper is still circulated today. We published
this news paper together at that time. And his life style
is such that time had not been changed till his death. One
day when he was the then Chief Minister I paid a visit in
his Office and at that time one army Officer at Vairengte
army post had came to his office and begged him to give
the landoccupied by the army at Vairengte to the army
permanently and said that the army would give reasonable

army the Mizos or son- Mizos. And told him that the land could not be given to the army permanently while Mizoram is rather too small and compensation could mover be accepted for that. But the could still occupied that area temporarily. I was very pleased with his answer and it showed he was a real temporarily and far-sighted person for his land. And he took precaution for over populating by non-Mizos. So I would like to request all our leaders to take steps after Pu Lalderga in this regard.

During his ministry the Assam Rifle quarter which occupied a large area in the centre of Aizawl town had been transferred to Zokhawsang area. transfer of Assam Rifle quarter was very pleasing and great for us and I would like to be recorded in our Assembly recor-ded in our Assembly record book. Besides this, promation posts had been made to Additional D.C to the D.C and even to Secretary in the Mizo Civil Service. And in the Mizo Police Service S.P and upto D.I.G. posta had been created during his ministry. Before this the posts of S.D.P.O. and Additional S.P. were the highest posts. Regarding the extension of Bawngkawn to Chandmary road via Ramhlum road. the extension of this road was needed badly since the number of our population and vehicles had been increased in large number lately. So we cure to give thanks to him and to his ministry. It is also very pleasing that the sidewavs along Chandmary to Chaltlang road and Bawngkawn to Durtlang road had been completed by our present ministry and the scheme of this sideways was made by Pu Demga ministry but they had not time to complete that scheme as their ministry had ended before the expiry of their term. But it is very pleasing that the present ministry had sontinue this scheme.

During his ministry Kanhmun to Kawrtethawveng and Bairabi roads were nearly completed within one and half year only. If his ministry had lasted even Syears. only, the service of motor boat at Tlawng river would be made from Kanhmun to Kawrte to Aizawl daily. Now we have no other ways to procure our daily needs from other States, and we always have many problems in carrying food stuff and other comodities due to bad transportation system. His ministry also prometed the Status of MLA and Even ex-MLA did not hold his office for full term be could not claim any pension. But Pu Denga had changed this rule and made pensions for who ever had held aft offices once however short the time might be. And Pu Denga alse raised the salary of MLA from Rs.650/- to Rs.3000/-. He opined that any unfineshed shoeme left by the former ministry should be continued by the next ministry and he therefore took steps in regards to Bairabe Hydel Project, and if I did not know wrong he had finished the clearance of this project during his short time. He also founded Pay Anomaly Committee for the welfare of all the government servants. He therefore did many good things even though

But it was a pity that he could not accomplish all his schemes. As it is the wish of Pu Laldenga I would like to ask our ministry and all the future ministry to compete each other to do their best for the welfare of our state. I would also like to ask our present ministry to try to accomplish the schemes made by Pu Laldenga.

Regarding his funeral it is very pleasing that the central ministers had paid great consideration and could come to attend his funeral ceremony and it was also very pleasing that the government of Mizoram had honoured him with the State funeral. Regarding the place of his grave, he really deserved to be buried in that spot and I opine that if there are more persons who also deserve such honour we should not hesitate to give such other places for their burial place. That all I would like to say.

Thank you.

PU AICHHINGA

Pu Deputy Speaker, it is most unfortunate to have this meeting on the death of our Hon'ble opposition leader and our fellow

member of this House. There are many things to say about Pu Laldenga, but what I would like to say about him, is his great sense of nationalism.

We have known that Pu Denga had secrificed himself for our country and suffered many harhships and even went undergrounddue to his nationalism and we have to learn from him how to be a nationalist. Many of us always say that we love our country. Regarding his sacrifice for our country he was the greatest nationalist among us. So besides what had been said earlier I would like to say his great nationalism. And I would also like to say that he was a man of principle. When the first peace talk had failed and he was put in prision the central government had persuaded him to surrender, promising him that he would be given the post of Ambassador and his followers also should be given the status of Officer. He had turned down that Offer and said he would rather die than accepting such offer. He was such a man who stood firmly in his principle. Therefore it is very clear that Pu Denga was a man a principle. I would also like to point out his love for individual freedom, Due to this he was always misunderstood by Y.M.A. Social organisations and even Churches on some occasions. He said that we had no right to criticize those who seek pleasures without troubling others. He opined that we should enjoy our freedon as we like without troubling others. Even our social life and religion should not hamper personal freedom.

Also he tried to make reforms on our Social life. He had worked for the reform of our Social life during and after his ministry. He also tried to uplift the standard of our diving to the level of the civilized countries in the world. We all knew that he had worked very hard for our country in many ways. So it is most unfortunate for us to lost such a great leader and great nationalist Pu Deputy Speaker that's all I would have to say. Thank you.

Pu Deputy Speaker, I find it is a great shock PU VAIVENGA to have this meeting on the death of our greatest politician. Pu Laldenga, I did not know him intimately and never closed to him personally. But I would like to say about him as he was such a great leader. His political life could be divided into three phases. During 1961-1965 they an over ground political party the second phase was from 1966 to 1976, during this time they fought for Independence and become under ground party. And the third phase was between 1976 and 1986 and during this time he tried to make peace with the central government and this phase could be called the time of negotiation. And from 1986 to 1990 he become our first Chief Minister in the new Mizoram State and his ministry he was our opposition leader in this house till the end of his life. As said earlier Pu Denga policy was to get independence from India and on March 1966 they declared independence and began their fights against India. On the other hand the policy of Mizo Union party was to get Statehood for Mizoram our leaders opined that the highest Status we could hope to get from India was a Statehood. But during MNF had had fought for the higher status. And when we become Union Territory in 1972, some members of our ministry had made a resolution for Statehood for Mizoram. But that resolution was not submitted because Pu CH. Chhunga and Pu Saprawnga (RIP) had fought very hard for the better status for Mizoram. And if he could not succeed in his fight, statehood would be his meeting place with the government of India and it would not be good for Pu Denga if we demanded Statehood now.

We were very pleased that the negotiation had been made between Pu Laldenga and the Central government. It is very difficult for any political party to change its own policy and Pu Denga was praiseworthy because he could change his policy when he found the people had suffered too much on account of his policy. And I opine he was very great and honourable in this regard. He fought for the betterment of the people and Mizoram and gave up his policy of independence and made peace with the government of India only because of the sufferings of people due to insurgency. He was such a great nationalist

and a man of principle. And if he live longer I believe he will do many great things for our country.

I would also like to say that the strength of the government in a democratic country does not rest only on the hands of the ruling party, strong opposition is important to make strong and stable government. I, therefore cpined that our ministry was very lucky to have Pu Laldenga as our opposition leader. So it is most unfortunate for our House especially for the fuling party to lost such a great leader. For the last it was very pleasing that our State government had showered such tribites pm bim and the central government also had paid all those censederations to him from the time of his eliness. And today we remember his family and pray for them. And as for this house I opine that it will be good if we try to accomplish all his planned fd: gur remembrance. That sall I have to say. Thank you:

PU RUALCHHINA

Pu Deputy Speaker, It is most unfortunate and mournful to have this speech today due to the death of Pu Laldenga, our

opposition leader and also the former leader this argust Fouse. First of all I would like to say that his death was a great loss for this house as well as for our State. I would also like to say in this house his policy and deeds influenced even on my personal life. As said earlier he was the founder president of M.N.F. I would like to say about him from the beginning. He founded his party in order to emancipate our country from poverty. At that time they were very poor and they had financial difficulties because he had secrificed himself for his new political party. He said that once his daughter had asked him to buy a pencil, but he could not buy it as he had not any money. Eike that he also suffered from financial difficulties for the love of his country. He had suffered are those hardships willingly for the future generation.

I never saw Pu Laldenga at that time as I was only a student and studied at Shillong. I only learned from the news paper that M.N.F. party had been founded by Pu Laldenga and its policy was independence and they also organised volunteer for that. From that very first time it had a deep impression on me. Sometimes had a public meeting at Durbal Rall and Pu Laldenga also had a peach in that meeting, he said in his speech how to solve our economics problems and the danger of assimilation and his speech had greatly influence us especially, we, the young people. I never met him before that meeting and I always asked about him around. But they did not have to say muck about him. But I had a confidence in him and I believed that he was a true nationalist and he would try to achieve his policy. When a fomine broke out in Mizoram we did not net recipied attention from the authority even after

Even after we reported how grave our problem was and begged to send food stuff to Mizoram immediately they did not take immediate action saying that nobody had died due to that famine. That famine makes very clear that Mizoram had badly needed to be freed from assimilation and to be independent economically. Pu Laldenga had propagated his policy while such was the condition of our country. So even before I saw him I held him in high esteem on account of his policy. And after sometimes on learning that he was such a true nationalist and his policy was good for our country I joined his party and I am still his follower till today, I therefore really mourn his passing away.

The Mizo nationality and our land is known by others through him because he had such good personality and also he was a great person. And we are also respected by others because of him. He was also an influential person. During we were an underground party many intelligent chiefs had came to talk to him but he had convinced and made them understand his policy. He love peace and in fact he liked to base his policy on non-violence. He would never dream of using violence of trying to get independence for our country. He was forced to use violence, he rather like to talk out the problems of Mizoram peacefully but the authorities at that time would not like to talk to him, instead they sent armies. So he was compelled to go underground and use violence. Even during we were an underground party he always sent emissary to the central government and at last in 1976 peace talk was arranged between him and the central government. And after he signed peace accord with the government and became the Chief Minister he at once took steps free Mizoram from economic. Political and administrative assimilations. He made social reform, economic reform and administrative reform for his policy. And in order to promote our economic condition one of his policies was self sufficiency and he was deeply concern with this program and took many steps in this regard therefore it is very pitiful that he died before we accomplish this program. We really mourned his death and it is most unfortunate that he died when he was most needed even by the central government in making peace in the disturbed States. And his death was a great loss even for India. For the last I opine that we should continue his unaccomplished work as he liked.

Thank you.

PU LALRINCHHANA: Pu Deputy Speaker, it is most unfortunate to have this sad meeting on account of the death of our opposition leader Pu Laldenga. As Stated before we had lost our greatest nationalist I would not repeat what had been stated earlier by other members but I would like to say a few things about him that I would like them to be recorded in our record book.

Whenever Pu Laldenga was going to make any decision his only and first concern was whether it would be good for Mizoram or not. In 1969 we entered East Pakistan and at that time many of our cabinet members suggested to have a peace talk with the eintral government. But Pu Laldenga refused that suggestion saying that it would not be good and profitable for Mizoram to try to make peace with the government in such situation. He knew that we were having many problems and would have more problems in our near future but he decided to continue our movement knowing that it would be better for Mizoram After many years, the people pressed us to make peace with the gever-nment and come overground under the constitution of India thinking that it would be disgraceful for us after our long struggle. But Pu Laldenga had said that it would be most disgraceful for him if to make peace with the government. He also said that it would be good and necessary for Mizoram to make peace with the government at that time. He had taken any decision bravely if he thought that it would be best for Mizoram. And he also lad the movement like that so, today in this condolence meeting I would like to beg all the members of this house to consider Mizoram first in anything you do and in any decision you make. I opine that we have to follow his footsteps in doing anything and taking any decision for our country.

As we all know he was a great politician, and he told me that what he feared most was that his decendants will be ashame of mentioning his name among the future generation. He opine that any politician should do his best for his country so that his name would be remembered and respected for ever. Like this if we the members of this house follow this opinion today we could develope our country and our works and name would be remembered by the future generations we should do our works praiseworthy. Another things he paid importance to were to praise and those who deserved and also dare to criticize the wrong doers. We should honour those who deserve to be honoured without considering their political parties. At the same time we should dare criticize and hate the wrong doers. I have printed out these three points today as they are memorable for the members of this house. And it is most unfortunate that this house had lost such a great politician. That's all I would like to say.

n Thank Fyou padde for those is

DEPUTY SPEAKER

Now we will call upon our Honourable Chief Minister to make reference on Shri K.S. Hegde. (Pu Tawnluia : Pu heruty Speaker) 9 members have speech today and we had mpent a long time. (Pu Tawnluie : Could not you give time

all those who wants to have a condolence speech. Pu Deputy Speaker). The whole day could be spent if we do so and we have another programme so we could not spare more time I'm. Marialista a Die Domite Spea

even if we were going to spend the whole day.) No time for all of you, but you could have a speech. We still have to make a reference on the demise of Shri K.S Hegde. And we also have to finish all our program fro today so I beg your understanding. We have spent more time than usual as he was our opposition leader. (Pu Tawnluia: Pu Deputy Speaker, please give us this whole morning for the condolence speech on Pu Laldenga). Okay, I will give you the whole morning. Now, we will call upon Pu Tawnluia to have a speech.

PU TAWNLUIA: Pu Deputy Speaker, it is most unfortunate to have a speech on the death of Pu Laldenga. It is a great lost for us and for the people and also for Mizoram and even for the central India. I have lived with his family for about 8(eight) years under his guardianship. So thinking back all those times I find it is necessary that I have to make a speech about him but on the other hand find it hard to make a speech.

What I would to say first is Pu Laldenga was a great nationalist who sacrificed his life for his country. We can know he was a social worker from the speech of our members. In 1953 he founded Mizo cultural Society and when Mautam famine had broken in Mizoram he had founded Mizo National Famine Front in 1960 to relieve the sufferings of the people as much as possible. His association heled the poor and the neddy, from these two societies he had founded it is very clear that he wanted to serve for the benefit of the people and the country.

In 1961 he founded Mizo National Front Party and it was the first political party in Mizoram which was based on the nationality of Mizo and it showed clearly that he was a true nationalist. He also worked very hard for the development of Mizoram. So we can say that he was one of our greatest patriots among our politicians. He also identified and championed the Mizo nationality and culture among the Indian societies. Therefore regarding all his works, he was a great leader and he was also remarkable leader for Mizos. We have called him father of Mizos and I opine that he deserved such title. As said earlier the central government treated him as prominent citizen of India regarding his medical treatment but unfortunately died. After his dead his body was received by three central ministers at Delhi airport, and eight central Ministers gave homage. For carrying his body to Mizoram the central government chartered a special plane and at Tuirial Airport many Ministers and a big crowd received his body. Regarding all those tributes and homage given to him showed clearly that he really deserved to be given the title of "Father of the Mizo Nation".

I also opine he was very lucky to receive all those favorable treatment from the Government of Mizoram and central regarding his illness. It is also great that he received State funeral. It is an honour not only for him but rather for the Mizo Nation. All the tributes we gave him showed he was our leader and he was written as the 'the Mizo Leader' by the national papers. I am also very pleased that we gave him such tributes because as I said earlier it was an honour for the Mizo Nation.

In central India and foreign countries Mizo nationality is known because of him. He was known as the Mizo leader even for those who do not know the Mizo, so Mizoram is known by others only because of him. Therefore it is most unfortunate to loss such great leader who had championed the Mizo nationality to the world.

For the last, I would like to say a little about his personal life. Pu Laldenga was a man who feared God, he devoted himself and prayed to God earnestly and regularly. I know his soul had rested with God. He was also very interested in reading, his favourite book were western novels and philosophy. He was also a thinker, he never made any decision without considered them seriously and after he had taken any decision he stood firmly by government persuaded hum to come over-ground and promised to buy hum a three storeys house at Delhi and 5 years ambassadorship but he refused all those offers. He rather went to Tihar Jail instead. He therefore sacrificed himself and suffered for his country. Therefore we the members of this august house have many things to learn from him and I would like to say that we should work for the unity of our State following his teachings. Though he was gone but he and his teachings will be remembered by us forever.

One of his most important targets was to make our State a self-sufficient State, the present ministry also pays importance to this program. And I would like to request this house to try to accomplish this program.

Thank you.

PU LAL THANHAWLA

CHIEF MINISTER: Pu Deputy Speaker, I would like to beg you to spare this whole morning for this obituary in honour of Pu Laldenga.

PU VANLALNGENA

DEPUTY SPEAKER: We have to finish obituary in the morning, and we shall have a recess at 1:00 P. M. The obituary reference had been

usually made by the house leader, opposition leader and other one or two members. But today we have made an exception as we really mourn for the death of our opposition leader Pu Laldenga so we have spent much more time for the speech in honour of Pu Denga than usual. Now we will call upon our Hon'ble Chief Minister to make reference on the demise of Shri K.S. Hedge.

PU VANLALAUVA : I think that we are going to have this morning for

the obituary of Pu Laldenga.

PU VANLALNGENA : Whether you suggest we should finish the

DEPUTY SPEAKER obituary reference in the morning or the whole

morning should be spared for the obituary

reference on Pu Laldenga only.

PU LAL THANHAWLA : Pu Deputy Speaker, we have asked you to spare

CHIEF MINISTER this whole morning for the obituary of Pu

Laldenga only, if it is not against the rule.

PU VANLALNGENA : Well, if we all agree, let's call upon Pu Vanlalauva

DEPUTY SPEAKER to have a speech.

PU VANLALAUVA : Pu Deputy Speaker, thank you for sparing more

time for the obituary in honour of Pu Laldenga as

we begged you.

I would like to say a little about Pu Laldenga, on 11th March 1970, we held a meeting at Chhantlagg in Pakistan and in that meeting almost all the speaker had spaken against him, only one of his Ministers was not against him. But when the meeting was ended Pu Denga only daid that all those speeches had taught ham a good lesson, while we only thought what action will be take against those officers who had turned against him. But he was such a broad-minded person and only regarded all those andedness against him was all good lesson for him. He also said that wery difficult for a leader in time of difficulty, when the time was good there were many willing persons to take responsibilities, but when the bad time came all the responsibilities had been put on the shoulder of the leader. Hardships and difficulties showed what persons we really are.

During his Ministry, he had said that the Government should not be mistaken with the associations or committee. In a committee, all the members had contributed their opinions and the decision had been made from such contributed dpinions. But in the Government, every Ministry has its own policy, and the leader should run the Government bravely and cleverly for the accomplishment of their policy. In opine that he was such a brave and competent leader. I therefore opine that all the political leaders and politicians have to learn a lesson from him in this regards. We must be brave and should stand firmly on our principles.

He was criticized by some persons that he would not take any advice from others. But in fact it was because he was such a wise person and he had his own principles besides many advised were usually for the benefit of the advisors. So he did not accept those advices as they were not usually for the good of the country and the people as a whole.

I would also like to say that though we lost such a great leader, we should try to fill in the void he left by learning all those qualities we have said from him. As he was an entra-ordinary person, our Hon'ble Prime Minister V.P. Singh had said to his daughter Dr. Lalrinzuali that they think that medical treatment he had was too late, and it was a great and incompensable lost for them, He was needed by Panjuo, Kasmir and Tamil Nadu states to help them make peace in their states.

even by the central Government to solve the problems of the country. And we, the Mizos were very lucky to have such an important leader. I opine that he really deserved the title of 'Father of the Mizo Nation'.

Thank you.

PU VANLALNGENA

DEPUTY SPEAKER : Now we shall continue the obituary. Now

we will call upon Pu Tlanghmingthanga

PU R. TLANGHMINGTHANGA: Pu Deputy Speaker, it is very pleasing that you give us a good time for the obituary of Pu Laldenga, 'father of the Mizo Nations ' I find it is also very pleasing that it seems all of us really mourn for his passing.

I am the follower of Pu Laldenga since he had founded M. N. F. party, and I have learned many political lessons from him. During insurgency, the Mizo students at Calcutta had suffered Financial difficulties and we were almost starving, but with the help of he political lessons we have learned from him we could save the Mizo students from the central Government is also because of him.

He was nationalist. It is also because of him. that we are given a special provision now. He was also a peace maker. He was also freedom lover and because of that his policy was independence. But he could not accomplish has policy because we. the people begged him to stop his fight for freedom and to make peace with the become a full fledged state and the M.N.F Ministry had been formed his first Policy was to upflift our economic condition. He tried to make Mizoram state to be a self sufficient state. He therefore had taken many steps in this regard. Even though we have not attained his goal we have seen his schemes and plans for self sufficiency. I opine that we should try to accomplish this program of self sufficiency for the upliftment of our economic condition and I find it is very pleasing that the present Ministry have taken steps in this regard. Pu Laldenga had paid importance to the freedom for every one. He opined that there could not be freedom of religion unless we are not freed from economic exploitation. He therefore had paid importance to the economical self-sufficiency. He was a true believer of God. Besides, he also knew his responsibilities to the people, he always told us to true to accomplish whatever we say and promise to the people and lead our life as the true nationalists should lead their way. He also believed that God had built the nations and those who works to preserve the nation are the servants of God. He also said that politics and Christianity were closely related and if we thought a politician could not be a good Christian we were too wrong.

In his last speech at the party Headquarters before he went to London for medical treatment he quoted out Psalm 20:7

Some boast of chariots: and some of Horses: but we boast of the name of the Lord our God. It was selected by Pu Rokunga for the foundation of M.N.F Party in the General Assembly held and Vanapa Hall the then Theater Hall in 1963. I therefore would like to point out this for all of us for the guidance of our career.

Thank you

PU ZOSIAM A PACHUAU: Pu Deputy Speaker, I would also like to say a little(Deputy Speaker, all right you could have a speech). It is unfortunate that we have obituary in account of Pu Laldenga. I have opine he really deserved this since he was our only politicianwho had championed Mizo Nation in the International politics. He also deserved the tributes as he was our former leader of this august House leader while it is so difficult just to be M.L.A it was pleasing enough how we paid homage to his body and I think we, the members our to give thanks to the people in this regards. We also our many thanks to the Government regarding his burial place. He may really deserved all those homages and on the other hand our authorizedwere willing to pay all those tributes to him since he was such a great leader. So I therefore would like to say that we should learn a lesson from his life while we have the time.

For the last I opine that the best to remember our leader for us is to copy the food things from his life and practice them in our works.

PU HIPHEI: Pu Deputy Speaker, I would like to correct the number of our dead MLAs I forgot to mention Pu R. Zadinga who was assassinated soon after he was elected as M.L.A. So there were three MLAs who have passed away during they were serving.

PU VANLALNGENA : DEPUTY SPEAKER Let's call upon our Hon'ble Chief Minister to have a speech on the demise of Pu K.S Hegde.

PU LAL THANHAWLA : CHIEF MINISTER

Pu Deputy Speaker, besides our opposition leader and our great politician Pu Laldenga, one of the great men and one of the public figures in India Pu K.S Hegde had passed away. And thank you for giving me time to have a speech in honour of Pu K.S Hegde.

Pu K.S Hegde was the former Speaker of Lok Sabha. He came from Karnataka State and he was a lawyer and a scholar. He died on 24 th May 1991 at the age of 81 years old.

Pu Hegde was born on 11th June 1909 at Kadur Village in South Karnara District. His father's name was Kadur Subhaia Hegde. He was educated at Kadur Elementary School, Government Board High School, saint Ellioat college and Madras College and Madras Law College. And he was given LLB Degree encourage course by Ku Hwanghi University Republic of Korea. He was such a great scholar who was honoured even by the foreign countries.

He had written two books called Crisis in Judiciary and Directive Principles in English. It partied Present Hegde and they had three sons and three Calliters. Daring 1952.1957 he served as the government Pleader and Public Prosecutor. During 1947-1951 he was appointed for the judge at Mysore High Court. During 1951-1966 he had been appointed as the Chief justice of Daihi and Himachel Pradesh High Court, and during 1967-1973 he was appointed as the judge of supreme Court. He joined Indian National Congress in 1950 and he was elected as Rajya Sabha M.P. During 1977-90 he was elected as the speaker of Idk Sabha, and he was elected from South Bangalore Constituency. He was also a representative to the United Nations. In 1977, he was the leader of India delegates in the commonwealth Parliamentary conference. Our present Link Sabha Speaker Pu Robi Ray praised his prodecessors the way how to conduct the Homse Proffessor India Ranga, the great parliamentarian and the ad-hoe leader of Congress parliamentary Party also said that Shri K.S.Hedge was one of the most successful Speakers and he was also the man of the people, and he was also the leader of farmers. It is most unfortunate for India to lose such a great man. We really mourmed his passing away. That's all I have to say about him. Thank you.

PU ZORAMPHANGA

lost for India especially for
the legislation that the former
Special of Lok Sabas and the great laweyer and legislator
Sri R. S. Hegde had passed away. I was touched by his death
as. I had met him at Delhi during the peace talk as he was
the then Lok Sabha Speaker. I also opine that his death
was a great loss for India. As earlier daid he was a great
parliamentarian and besides there are many things to learn
from his carrier as wall as from his life.

: Pu Deputy Speaker, it is a great

He had served as the High Court judge and he was also elected for the Chief Justice of High Court for two terms. Afterwards he become the Chief justice of Supreme Court. So he had a great contribution for the country in this regard also. And he was such a great lawyer and he also wrote a book on judiciary.

And when he become Speaker of Lok-Sabha he comfucted the Parliament efficiently as he was an expert in law. He had left many useful examples in conducting the House for his predecessors. So his death was a great loss for the country. I would like to say that we have lost not only a competent Speaker but also juris and politician and a great leader. I believe that we would also useful hook very usefuly in the coming future.

PU VANALANCAMA DEPUTY SPEKKER

Is there anyone else who would like to have a speech on obituary. If there is no one we will close the time for obituary reference. Now

to show that this House have mourn for the passing of Pu Laldenga and Sri K.S. Hegde we will stand for one minute in silence. (They all stand)

Now we would have seat arragement es requested by M.L.A. Parliamentary party. Please take away the name plate of Pu Denga and Pu Zoramthanga will take Pu Denga's seat. According to our programme made by the Bussiness Advisory Committee this session will last only for one day for the election of the new Speaker. But due to the death of Pu Laldenga and also we have to pass essential service maintenance Bill as the bill is nearly expire and we also make amendment of the salary of M.L.A. So we consider it is necessary to extend our session upto 20th July 1990. We will not have sitting on 18th and 19th and the sitting will be resumed on 20th so I ask you to accept this new programme. (They accepted).

Now, we will call upon Pu C.L.Ruale to introduce the Bill of essential service maintenance ordi-There are some printing mistake in the bill and the correction ordinance copy will be distributed. But the copies of the bill will not be distributed as there is no spare copy. Now let Pu C.L.Ruala by the permission of the House to introduce the Bill.

PU C.L.RUALA MINISTER

Pu Deputy Speaker, I beg the per-of the House to introduce the Mizoram essential Bill 1990.

PU VANLAINGENA DEPUTY SPEAKER

: Do we permi our Home Minister to introduce the Bill. (They all agree) Now we will call upon our Home Minister to introduce the Bill.

PU C.L.RUALA

: Pu Deputy Speaker, according to

MINISTER the Mizoram state Act, 1986 Section 43 notification, by law and all the other rules that had been applied in the U.T. could also he applied in the state. On the basis of the Ministry of Home Affairs, Covernment of Indian Notififaction No.50.11 (E) dated 7.1.82, the Government of Mizoram Union Territory had issued notification of the essential service Act, 1981 for the Government employees of the Government of Mizoram. This rule had been notified again on 15th April this year. After it had been notified the law Department had examined it had carefully and they opined that our application of this

in session. So the Government of Mizoram had issued Mizoram assential service maintenance ordinance 1990 and this ordinance had been published in Mizoram Gazette dated 9.6.1990

According to the Indian constitution, any ordinance should be laid in the first state Assembly Session, if not so, the ordinance would valid after 6 weaks after the session. This session is the first session after the ordinance was notified. I therefore introduce. The Mizoram Essential Service Maintenance Bill for the alternation of that ordinance.

PU VANALANGENA DEPUTY SPEAKER. : Distribute Ordinance copy and its correction. This Bill would be considered on dated 20th July.

PU C.L.RUALA MINISTER

Let our Secretary read out the title as our constitution section 75(2) has demanded.

PU VANLALNGENA DEBUTY SPEAKER

Does the title need perusal as you already said it clearly ? (Pu H.Rammawi :- Pu Deputy Speaker. the title should be read out by the Secretary according to the rule) * Well, let our Secretary read out the tilte.

PU H.L.CHUNGA SECRETARY

: Pu Deputy Speaker, the title of the bill is 'The Mizoram Essential Service Maintenance Ordinance Bill 1990;

PU VANLALNGENA DEPUTY SPEAKER

: Now we will take up another business. (Pu H.Remmawi :- Pu Deputy Speaker, just a minute, we have not a received the corection the

the copy yet) They are just sending now and you will not received it yet. Well will take up another business now, election of Speaker. Theregare two nominated persons for the post of Speaker, Pu Rokamlova and Pu H.Rammawi, and Pu Rokamlova is nominated by Pu Vaivenga and is seconded by Pu Sangzuala. And Pu H.Rammawi is nominated by Pu Zoramthanga and is seconded by Pu J. Thanghuama. We would cost our vote by ballot paper and the vote would be counted here. You will take ballot paper from Pu Sawia, Under Secretary, and they will tell you how to do (Pu Aichhinga the date of the notification of the bulletin Part.II fells on Sunday, did you do it on Sunday?) Yes, we have done it on Sunday. (Pu Aichhinga; - Why did you do it on Sunday?) Our time was too full and limited as we were a little late. There is nominded in this regard I would like to ask you to take into consideration of what we complaint and to take necessary actions as much as possible not just giving an assurance in such matter I would like to give an example though you may think this is not the time to say such matter, we had complaint about the construction of private building in the Republic P.W.D road which is built too close to the road, and the Ministry had promised us to take spot verification but no action has been taken till date. And it is unsatisfactory, therefore Pu Speaker, since you are now the custodian if this House I would like t ask you to see that any reasonable complaints we made are to be taken into consideration and appropriate actions be taken. Also the welfare of members is in your hands so we have faith in you. As said by our opposition leader we heartily congratulate you.

Thank you.

SPEAKER: Now we will call upon Pu Hiphei to have a speech as he is our

Out-going Speaker.

PU HIPHEI : Pu Speaker, thank you for giving me time to have a speech.

Because of our God and the people I have been elected as the members of this house since 1972, as already said the conduct of our House is always honourable and it is honours our state. So Pu Speaker, I am very glad that you are elected as the Speaker of this august house. Regarding your experience and status. We know your efficiency from your past so I opine that you really deserve this post. As earlier said you are now the leader of this house and I am sure you could conduct this house efficiently and I have confident in you. I wish that God will give you good health and more wisdom for your work.

Thank you

SPEAKER : Now we would end your time for speech I would like to give

my thanks to you today. I opine it would be difficult for me to

be the Speaker of the House. I am sure that ability and my

personality are not good enough to hold this post, so I would like to beg your forgiveness for my shortage and at the same time I seek your help and co-operation. And I would also like to ask you to pray to God for me and for this House.

Our leader and other members had asked me to learn the conducts rules and procedure of the House and to conduct the House of according to those rules. But I have thought that it may be better if conduct this House as we have conducted the Church Services.

Regarding nationalism, we have always speak about it in our public speeches, in my opinion, we should start the practice of nationalism in this House. The God has put the spirit of nationalism in our hearts and he has also given us the powers

But this work could not be done only by self sacrifies. So, I would like to beg us to renew the spirit of nationalism in our hearts. Then we could conduct and behave in this House respectfully. We, the Mizes ere nationalist people, we share all our sorrows and joys together . Therefore, those who are in good position could never be happy while most of our people are in poverty line. So, we should show our nationalist spirit in our daily life practically. And I opine that the first place to show our nationalism is this House. A few months back I had suggested to our opposition members that we should tell our mistakes and shortages openly and on the other hand we should admit our mistages and should not hesitate to opologise as we all are Mizon. For the last I would like to beg you to consider what would be honourable for the Mizo nation first. As we are responsible for the honour of our nation.

Now we will adjourn our meeting.

for today.

PU LAL THANHAWLA CHIEF MINISTER

: Pu Speaker, please let me have a few clarification.

SPEAKER : Well let our House leader have a time to make a clarification.

PU LAL THANHAWLA: Pu Speaker, regarding the shif-CHIEF MINISTER: ting of Assam Rifles, the decision for shifting of Assem Rifles was made in September 1985 by

the then Ministry and the Assam Rifles Place at Zokhawsang was already surveyed at that time And notification was made to those lands owners. Who are going to claim compenstion. I have all those files. Besides, I had asked the concerned department about can-ti-lever along Chaltlang and Durtlang raods According to the department's record the decision for the making of these can-ti-levers was made by the present ministry in 17th July 1989. I have made this clarification becouse our Hon'ble member Pu J. Thanghuama had suggested that these should be kept as the House Record. It would not be fare if we k keep false statements in our House Record. I therefore would like to inform this House the Official records. on those matters.

PU AICHHINGA

Pu Speaker, I would like to ssy a little about those can-ti-levers even if the estimate had not been made

during M.N.F. Ministry but it is clear that the then ministry had intended to build them becouse many

SPEAKER

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Now we will end our sitting. Regarding the clarification on those matters. We should bear

made schemes and the letter ministry had accomplished tiose schemes and so on. And we know that our House Leader also disclosed the truth on those how projects. Debra of Al

Now the House will be adjourned for today and the sitting will be resumed on Friday at 10:30 A.M.

> House Adjourned at 3:47. P.M.

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